



# TANBead® Nucleic Acid Extraction Kit

## Food and Feed DNA Auto Tube

(For use with the SLA-16 / 32 / E13200 series)

RUO

6GMS46

(For Research Use Only) V1

### 1. Intended Use

This product is designed for isolating nucleic acid from various samples, which can be performed by using TANBead® Nucleic Acid Extractor and is intended for research use only.

### 2. Purpose

TANBead® Nucleic Acid Extraction Kit (6GMS46) is designed as a simple and convenient way for extracting high-quality DNA and the highly fragmented DNA (down to 100 bp) from raw materials (soybean, corn), processed food (Tofu), genetically modified food (GM-Tofu), and feed (swine food). With TANBead® automated extraction instruments, this kit simplifies nucleic acids extraction, reducing time for manual processing without repetitive centrifugations, and lowering the risk of cross-contamination.

### 3. The basic principle

The silicon dioxide layer coated on the magnetic beads can adsorb the negatively charged molecules to purify nucleic acids from samples.

### 4. Specification

Starting Materials	Food material or products
Elution Volume	60-80 µL

### 5. Component Supplied with the Kit

Auto Tube	8 Trays	Auto Tube with reagent buffers
Proteinase K	1.0 mL x 2	Proteinase K
Elution Buffer	1.5 mL x 1	Nuclease-Free Water
Incubation Buffer	120 mL x 1	Phosphate buffer
Base	2	A rack for 8 Auto Tubes
Strip	24	8-channel strip
Protocol	1	Instruction guide for user

### 6. Auto Tube Content

Well	Buffer	Volume (µL)
1 / 7	Lysis Buffer	600
2 / 8	Washing Buffer 1	800
3 / 9	Washing Buffer 2	800
4 / 10	Washing Buffer 2	800
5 / 11	Magnetic Beads	800
6 / 12	Elution Buffer	80

### 7. Kit Storage and Shelf Life

- Components under room temperature (15~35°C) can be stored until the expiration date labeled on the box.
- The proteinase K is transported at room temperature. Upon received, please store proteinase K at 2~8°C.

### 8. Precautions

- For research use only.
- Avoid using expired reagents.
- When the temperature is below 20°C, place the Auto Tubes in an oven (preheated 42 - 60°C) for 5 to 10 minutes.
- Avoid vigorous shaking, in order to avoid excessive formation of foam.
- Carefully remove aluminum foil to avoid splashing.
- Do not expose the opened reagents or Auto Tubes to air. The evaporation would lead to pH change or affect the extraction effectiveness.
- Please check the integrity of the Auto Tubes and remember to mount the strips into the appropriate position of the suitable instrument before operating them.
- Please wear a mask and disposable gloves when handling.
- Use sterile consumables to avoid nuclease contamination.
- Reagent solution contains guanidine salt, avoid using bleach-containing detergent.
- Avoid eyes, skin, and clothing contact with reagents. In case of any contact, flush with flowing water.

- If any serious incident occurs, please report to the manufacturer and the competent authority of the member state in which the user and/or the patient is established.

- The reagents are all colorless and transparent. Colored reagents indicate contamination, please replace it with a fresh tube before proceeding.

### 9. Materials required, Not Supplied

- TANBead® Nucleic Acid Extraction System  
Model: SLA-16 / 32 / E13200 series (non-sterile)
- Disposable gloves
- Scissors, utility knives
- Micropipette, disposable tips (10 µL / 200 µL / 1000 µL)
- 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube
- 15 mL / 50 mL conical tube

### 10. Sample Collection, Transportation, and Storage

#### ■ Sample collection and storage

Food and feed samples should be collected properly and stored according to sample characteristics.

#### ■ Sample transportation

Generally, food and feed samples should be kept between 2 - 25°C during transportation. For certain cases, such as the frozen food samples, we suggest keep and transport them at corresponding conditions.

### 11. Nucleic Acids Extraction Protocol

#### ■ Sample preparation

- Homogenize about **50 mg sample** in a 1.5 mL tube.
- Add **500 µL incubation buffer** and **20 µL Proteinase K** and mix well.

**Note: In the case of a very dry sample, increase the incubation buffer volume (and PK proportionally) until the sample has been totally resuspended.**

- Incubate the sample at **60°C for 10 minutes**.
- Centrifuge at **13,000 RPM for 5 minutes**, take the supernatant as the sample for the following step.

#### ■ Automatic process

Before operating, turn on the warm-up system of TANBead® Nucleic Acid Extractor, if it is equipped with temperature controller, please setting at **50°C**.

- Prepare the Assembled Auto Tubes by inserting Auto Tubes into the Base completely.
- Carefully remove the aluminum foil on the Auto Tubes.
- Transfer up to **500 µL supernatant** into wells of **column #1 / #7** of the Auto Tube.
- Push the Assembled Auto Tubes completely to the bottom of the plate rack. Make sure that the chamfer of the plate is at the lower left.
- Push strips completely to the bottom of strip rack frame.
- Close the door panel.
- Select the program "**6GM**". The parameters are given in the following section.
- Carefully remove the Assembled Auto Tubes when the program is finished.
- Use a micropipette to transfer the purified nucleic acids from column **#6 / #12** to a clean tube.
- Discard used Auto Tubes and strips into the waste recycling bin.

## 12. Program

### ■ SLA-16 / 32 series

Program Name: 6GM					Model: SLA-16 / 32 series			
Step	Well	Mixing (M)	Collect (S)	Rod	Mixing speed	Volume (μL)	Pause	Vapor (M)
1	5	0	60	ON	Medium	800	OFF	0
2	1	12	60	ON	Low	1100	OFF	0
3	2	1	60	ON	Medium	800	OFF	0
4	3	1	60	ON	Medium	800	OFF	0
5	4	1	60	ON	Medium	800	OFF	0
6	5	1	60	ON	Medium	800	OFF	10
7	6	5	60	ON	Medium	100	OFF	0
8	3	1	0	OFF	Medium	800	OFF	0
9	0	0	0	OFF	Medium	0	OFF	0

### ■ SLA-E13200 series

Program Name: 6GM					Model: SLA-E13200 series				
Step	Well	Temp (°C)	Mixing (M)	Collect (S)	Rod	Mixing speed	Volume (μL)	Pause	Vapor (M)
1	5	50	0	60	ON	Medium	800	OFF	0
2	1	50	10	60	ON	Low	1100	OFF	0
3	2	50	1	60	ON	Medium	800	OFF	0
4	3	50	1	60	ON	Medium	800	OFF	0
5	4	50	1	60	ON	Medium	800	OFF	0
6	5	50	1	60	ON	Medium	800	OFF	10
7	6	50	5	60	ON	Medium	100	OFF	0
8	3	NA	1	0	OFF	Medium	800	OFF	0
9	0	NA	0	0	OFF	Fast	0	OFF	0

## 13. Reagent performance

### ■ The stability of extracted DNA

Storage Conditions	DNA stability
-80°C	Over 90 days
-20°C	28 days
4°C	14 days
25°C	2 days
Freeze-thaw	10 times

## 14. Troubleshooting














### ■ Inhibitor carryover

A possible inhibitor carryover is sometimes, although not necessarily, identified by a colored eluate. Dilute the sample at least 1:10 before PCR analysis.

### ■ Insufficient or excess DNA used in downstream application

Optimize the amount of DNA used in the downstream application, if necessary. Downstream applications can be adversely affected by insufficient or excess DNA.

## 15. Explanation of Symbols

	Manufacturer		Consult instructions for use
	Temperature limit		Contains sufficient for test
	Catalogue number		Caution
	Batch code		Non-sterile
	Do not re-use		Keep away from sunlight
	Date of manufacture		Use-by date
	For research use only		

